publicized, he also added that these customs "should be followed, for those who so wish, in memory and for the elevation of the Rebbetzin."⁴⁷

מוקדש לכ״ק אדמו״ר מלך המשיח

 \diamondsuit

לעילוי נשמת

ר׳ אברהם יצחק ב״ר משה חיים קארענבליט נפטר ח״י אדר תנש״א תנצב״ה נדפס ע״י משפחתו שיחיו



לזכות

הרה״ח הרה״ת ר׳ **צבי מרדכי** בן שרה וזוגתו **שלומית** בת שושנה בניהם ובנותיהם:

יוסף יצחק, משה, מנחם מענדל, חנה וחי׳ מושקא שיחיו גודמאן



יחי אדוננו מורנו ורבינו מלך המשיח לעולם ועד

Shabbos, giving extra *tzedakah* before and after Shabbos); spending longer and concentrating harder on prayers (and *Tehillim*); meditating on the greatness of the Creator; if possible, reciting at least one book of *Tehillim*; studying the chapter of *Tehillim* corresponding to the new age; studying extra Torah (both *Chassidus* and *Nigleh*); studying all or part of a Chassidic discourse by heart and reviewing it in a group (either on the birthday or the following Shabbos); spending time on outreach; spending some private time reviewing the past year's conduct (repenting and resolving to improve deficiencies); making resolutions for coming year; accepting a new act of enhanced observance, etc.; celebrating with family and friends; giving praise to G-d and thanking Him; reciting "*Shehecheyanu*" on a new fruit

47. *Ibid.*, first fn. (*Hisvaaduyos*, p. 460ff.).

a CALL to ACTION

25TH OF ADAR
STUDYING THE LAWS OF PESACH
MA'OS CHITIM

PRACTICAL INSTRUCTION FROM THE TEACHINGS OF THE REBBE 5748-5752

A PROJECT OF
HaMaaseh Hu HaIkar

In honor of the wedding celebration of Avraham & Devorah Hayman שיחין

300

17th of Adar II 5768 March 24, 2008

May it be G-d's will

that the marriage take place in a good and auspicious hour. May the bride and groom build their house in Israel on the foundations of Torah and mitzvos - an everlasting edifice, blessed simultaneously with material and spiritual fortune.

May we speedily merit the Redemption, when we will celebrate the marriage of Hashem and His nation.



a Call to Action

Published and Copyrighted by

המעשה הוא העיקר

"HaMaaseh Hu HaIkar"

280 Troy Av, Brooklyn, NY 11213 Tel: (718) 363-3448 • Fax: (718) 467-6919

e-mail: info@iChossid.com

5768 • 2008

NEW! www.iChossid.com close to the 25^{th} of Adar, and even more so to those born on the actual day itself. This effort should influence both them and their families...⁴⁴

OBSERVE BIRTHDAY CUSTOMS

• In connection with the 25th of Adar,⁴⁵ the Rebbe instituted the practice of observing several "Birthday Customs" (listed in the footnote below).⁴⁶ Requesting that they be observed and

[The 25th of Adar serves as a preparation] for us to properly utilize our own individual birthday – when our individual *mazal* is predominant – to further increase in all matters of Torah and *mitzvos*, with ever-increasing strength, and in an innovative manner (*ibid.*, p. 503).

44. Mainstay of all Israel

... whether this influence comes via the man or woman. Actually, this fresh approach to Divine service receives further emphasis when brought about by the woman, since she is the "mainstay of the household" (*akeres habayis*). This applies to both the literal women of Israel, who are the mainstay of the individual Jewish household, as well the collective "woman of Israel," i.e., the souls of all Jewry, who are referred to as a "wife"; G-d being described as our "Husband."

Birth of a Jewish woman

... We can therefore appreciate how the birthday of a woman, particularly a righteous woman, carries even greater significance for the "Birth of the Souls" of all Israel (*ibid.*, p. 503).

Note, then, that the 25th of Adar is the birthday of Rebbetzin Chaya Mushka (*ibid.*, see Publisher's Note in fn. 29).

45. Birthdays after a person's passing

The concept of a birthday continues to apply even after a person's passing. ... Indeed, one's birthday is connected, and is relevant, to their day of passing. ... In fact, [as our Sages state concerning Moshe *Rabbeinu*,] "The day of his birth is worthy enough to atone for the day of his passing" (25 Adar, 5748; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 460).

46. Giving birth to Geulah

May our positive resolutions made in connection with birthdays hasten the birth of the Jewish people in the fullest sense – which will be accomplished with the coming of the true and complete Redemption. As is known, exile is compared to pregnancy, and Redemption to childbirth.

Tzedakah for a quick birth

We particularly hasten this "birth" through distributing *tzedakah*, for "*Tzedakah* hastens the Redemption" (*Bava Basra* 10a); (25 Adar, 5748; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 462). The detailed list of **Birthday Customs** is printed in *Sefer HaSichos* 5748, p. 406. They include: Being called to the Torah on the Shabbos before one's birthday (and on the actual birthday if the Torah is read on that day); increasing in *tzedakah*

before Shacharis and Minchah on the birthday (on a birthday that falls on

it is an auspicious time to introduce new energy and initiatives into every aspect of our Divine service: our service relating to mundane endeavors, as well as our efforts in Torah and *mitzvos*. These innovations should raise our service to an incomparably higher rung, so that from the perspective of our new level of service, it is as if we had just been born anew...⁴²

AS A PREPARATION FOR YOUR OWN BIRTHDAY

• This fresh approach to Divine service, which we initiate on the 25th of Adar, pertains to all Jews, even those born on any other day of the year.⁴³ It certainly applies to those born (in the literal sense)

In a physical Gan Eden

... Further, this innovation in Divine service should be taken to its ultimate, most perfect extent, reflecting the original status of Adam *HaRishon*, who was [already] created within Gan Eden (the place where every Jew truly belongs; i.e., in the physical Gan Eden on this earth, with our souls enclothed within physical bodies, living long and good years).

Mazal tov

... This is all the more imperative when we consider the immense superiority of a birthday; the day when the *mazal* (supernal source) of the person's soul is predominant (*mazalo gover*). Similarly, on the 25th of Adar, the collective *mazal* of all Jewry is predominant.

Double mazal

Although this factor comes into effect on the 25th of both Adar and Elul, nevertheless, it is emphasized to a far greater extent on the 25th of Adar. This is because the collective *mazal* of Jewry is "predominant, healthy and strong" during the *entire* month of Adar. So the predominance of our *mazal* [on our collective "birthday"] is all the stronger, coming as it does on the backdrop of an already healthy and robust *mazal* [caused by the general month of Adar] (*Parshas Shemini*, 5749; *Hisvaaduyos*, pp. 502-503).

42. A new you

... even when compared to the innovation of last year's 25th of Adar. ... [Furthermore,] within the innovation itself, we should climb from one level to the next, to infinity beyond infinity! We should not merely continue performing the same service, improving [the old service] in an infinite way; rather, we should begin afresh in a brand new manner of service, [i.e., a whole new approach] (*Parshas Shemini*, 25 Adar, 5749; *Hisyaaduyos*, p. 511).

43. As a preparation for your own birthday

This pertains to each and every Jew: The 25th of Adar is "the beginning of Your works" of Creation (in the realm of Divine Thought), and the initial stage in the "birth of souls." This is the date on which all the souls of Israel are renewed. Therefore, this day also serves as a preparation for the literal birthday (i.e., of the body) of each Jew, whenever that occurs during the year.

Foreword

We are pleased to bring you a newly revised edition of *a* CALL *to* ACTION. This selection is a preview of a book that we are in the process of bringing to publication. Translated from its Hebrew counterpart, *HaMaaseh Hu Halkar*, this presentation is a collection of practical instruction pertaining to our bolstered ability and paralleled obligations, surrounding the 25th of Adar and the period between Purim and Pesach.

HaMaaseh Hu HaIkar is a compilation of Hora'os (directives) culled from the Rebbe's talks in the years 5748 to 5752 (1988-1992), from both edited and unedited sources ("Muga" and "Bilti Muga"). The text was translated into English by Rabbi Yaakov Paley and edited by Rochel Chana Riven.

At this time, when Moshiach's arrival is imminent, the Rebbe, Melech HaMoshiach, has emphasized the primacy of action. We are now beginning to experience the era when we will fully appreciate "the superiority of deed" above scholarship. May this take place completely and immediately!

Editorial Office of HaMaaseh Hu Halkar Erev Shabbos Parshas Shemini, Parshas Parah, 5768

a CALL to ACTION

Table of Contents

Studying the Laws of Pesach5
Introduction / Teach pesach laws thirty days in advance / Explain the spiritual significance of pesach / Pesach education /
Self-education / Increase from rosh chodesh / Study the laws of
korban pesach
Maos Chitim9
Introduction / Purim to pesach / All pesach necessities / With
hiddurim / Turn recipients into donors / Like your own pesach
supplies / Best quality / Proactive donating / Do even better than
that / Revise your balance repeatedly / Become wealthy from
giving tzedakah / Tenth, fifth or more / Create a last minute rush
/ Make every jew wealthy / Clothes and adornments for women
/ Women's donation - a higher form of tzedakah / Supply
shemurah matzah
The 25 th of Adar16
Introduction / Contemplate and act / Introspection / Improving
one's thoughts and inner qualities / With joy
Birthdays20
Birthday of Souls / Take your Divine service to a higher rung/
As a preparation for your own birthday/ Observe birthday
customs

לעילוי נשמת הרה״ח ר׳ **יצחק יוסף** בן הר״ר **יעקב מרדכי פיילי** נפטר י״ט אדר תשס״ו

שיקויים היעוד ד״והקיצו ורננו שוכני עפר״ והוא בתוכם

We also explained that the universe was brought into existence five days before the creation of man.³⁹ In the realm of Thought, that would be the 25th of Adar.

The entire Creation was made for the sake of the soul's service, so that when the soul arrived on the Sixth Day of Creation, it would find everything ready and waiting. Hence, the first five Days of Creation are simply part of the soul's creation, enabling it to fulfill its Divine mission.

Consequently, the 25th of Adar must be considered the initial stage of the birth of souls.⁴⁰

TAKE YOUR DIVINE SERVICE TO A HIGHER RUNG

• The 25th of Adar is a kind of "birthday of souls." Therefore,

39. Two beginnings

The celebration of Rosh Hashanah in Tishrei shows us that the universe – and mankind – actually has two "beginnings":

- 1) In our Rosh Hashanah prayers (on the 1st of Tishrei), we proclaim, "Today is the beginning of Your works [of Creation]." This "beginning" refers to the creation of man, the ultimate purpose of all existence. Since man is the justification and purpose for the entire Creation, we refer to the day of his formation as "the beginning of [all] Your works."
- 2) The reverse is also true: Since the actual beginning of Creation on the 25th of Elul only occurred for the sake of man, we can consider that date "the beginning of *man's* creation."

These two "beginnings" are certainly present in Nissan as well: The 1st of Nissan is the Birth of Souls, and the 25th of Adar, the beginning of man's creation in Thought, is the initial stage of the birth of souls (see *Parshas Shemini*, 5749; *Hisvaaduyos*, pp. 502-503).

40. Parshas Shemini, 5749; Hisvaaduyos, pp. 502-503.

41. Birth of new service

...We can therefore appreciate that each and every Jew should introduce a great innovation in their Divine service on the 25th of Adar. Our efforts should reflect the concept of birth; i.e., even after the perfection in Divine service that we have already attained via our observance of Torah and *mitzvos* throughout the preceding days (and years); and even reaching the level of "ba bayamim," [i.e., spiritually "advanced in days" as stated regarding Avraham Avinu, whose every day was fully and perfectly utilized in Divine service and could truly be referred to as having] "complete days"; nevertheless, we should now bring our service to an entirely innovative rung, as if we had just been born anew.

and gladness, and how much more so when we are in the month of Adar and are instructed to abound in joy, as it is said:³⁶ "When Adar enters, we increase in joy." Therefore, this self-accounting should be made with enthusiasm and joy.³⁷

Birthdays

In honor of the 25th of Adar, 5748 (1988), the first occurrence of the Rebbetzin's birthday after her passing, the Rebbe launched the Birthday Campaign, encouraging us to celebrate and observe a set of birthday customs. What does the 25th of Adar have to do with birthdays?

BIRTHDAY OF SOULS

The Alter Rebbe³⁸ explains that the soul of Adam *HaRishon* is renewed on each anniversary of his creation; and with it, the souls of all mankind.

But as explained earlier, there were two stages to the creation of man: the first took place on the 1st of Nissan in the realm of Divine Thought, and the second occurred in actuality on the 1st of Tishrei.

Thought is an inner, spiritual faculty, while action is an external, physical manifestation. So although all of existence – including souls – actually went through both of these stages of Creation, it is specifically the 1st of Nissan (Creation in Thought) that bears an intrinsic connection with the birth of souls – man's spiritual and inner essence.

37. In full swing

Studying the Laws of Pesach

INTRODUCTION

In his *Shulchan Aruch*, the Alter Rebbe begins the laws of Pesach with the following:

In the times of the *Beis HaMikdash*, the Sages instituted the practice of publicly teaching and explaining the laws of each festival thirty days in advance; hence, from Purim onward we study the laws of Pesach.

... This is to remind the people about the upcoming festival, giving them thirty days advance notice so as not to forget to select animals that are kosher for the festival sacrifice.

... Even after the destruction of the *Beis HaMikdash*, this practice [of learning the laws thirty days prior to the holiday] was not annulled. Rather, each Rabbi teaches his students the laws of the festival thirty days in advance.

... In these generations ... since all [the laws] have been printed in books, it is incumbent upon each individual to personally study the laws before each festival until he is fluent in them and knows exactly what he must do.

TEACH PESACH LAWS THIRTY DAYS IN ADVANCE

• We should teach and explain the laws of Pesach well in advance so that everyone will have enough time to purchase kosher-for-Pesach *matzos*, *shemurah matzos*, new utensils (or *kasher* their old ones), and so on.¹

³⁶ Kitzur Shulchan Aruch, beg. Hilchos Megillah.

^{...} The directive to increase in joy goes into force immediately with the onset of the month of Adar. Certainly now that it is the 25th of the month – having steadily increased our rejoicing from day to day for these past twenty-five days – we can readily appreciate the immense joy that should now be felt (*ibid.*, p. 445).

³⁸ Likkutei Torah, Parshas Nitzavim, p. 47a.

²⁶ Adar, 5751 (*Hisvaaduyos*, p. 402), to the *shluchim*, after addressing "Friends of

EXPLAIN THE SPIRITUAL SIGNIFICANCE OF PESACH

• We should also explain the concept of eradicating our spiritual *chametz* (lit., "leaven"),² and the need to free ourselves from our [evil inclination], which our Sages refer to as *chametz*.¹

PESACH EDUCATION

• We should educate children (those who are young in years, as well as those who are "young" in Torah knowledge) in all aspects of Pesach so they will know how to ask the "Four Questions," and so on.³

SELF-EDUCATION

• We should begin by educating the "children" within ourselves; i.e., those aspects of our Divine service which are presently underdeveloped. We should nurture these areas of service so that they do not "fall asleep" altogether, developing them until they are fully functioning.³

INCREASE FROM ROSH CHODESH

• From Rosh Chodesh Nissan and onward, i.e., two weeks

Machane Yisrael."

2. Remove all chametz

[For example, it states in *Berachos* 17a: "Master of the Universe! It is revealed and known to You that we want to perform Your Will. What, then, prevents us? The yeast in the dough and our subjugation to foreign kingdoms. May it be Your Will that You save us from their hands and then we will return to keep Your commandments with a complete heart!"

As *Rashi* explains there, "the yeast in the dough" refers to the evil inclination in our hearts, which incites and agitates us to act against G-d's Will.]

3. A wise nation

- ... As we are instructed, regarding the child who does not even know enough to ask of his own accord, "you should take the initiative [of telling him about Pesach ("at p'sach lo" from the Haggadah)]." The goal is to begin teaching him in such a manner that the child will be able to continue progressing on his own studying Torah and Judaism and eventually reach the level of the "Wise Son" (Parshas Vayakhel-Pekudei, 5748; Hisvaaduyos, p. 444).
- 4. [Mirroring the custom of giving children nuts and the like on the *Seder* night, "to prevent the children from falling asleep" (*Alter Rebbe's Shulchan Aruch, Orach Chayim*, beg. of 472).]

INTROSPECTION

• Since the 25th of Adar is connected with a Rosh Hashanah – the Rosh Hashanah in thought – it is an auspicious time to conduct a review of our spiritual strengths and weaknesses (*cheshbon nefesh*). We should not only make a true stock-taking of our speech and actions, but also of our thoughts.³⁴

IMPROVING ONE'S THOUGHTS AND INNER QUALITIES

• In our present generation, the need to regularly take stock of our spiritual standing and improve our thoughts and inner qualities is all the more imperative. For it is specifically in our times that we have merited an incomparable increase in the dissemination of *Chassidus* – far beyond any former generation – and this study of the inner dimensions of Torah further empowers us to serve G-d with our thoughts and inner being.³⁵

WITH JOY

• All matters of Divine service should be performed with joy

completely united with the Divine realm of Action (to the extent that G-d created all existence [on the 25th of Adar] from His Thought), so too, every Jew should work to unite his [positive resolutions in the realm of thought] with [their actual implementation] in action. After all, Jews in particular "are called Adam (man)," since they are "compared (from the word 'domeh') to the Most High" (25 Adar, 5750; Hisvaaduyos, p. 444).

Thinking the universe into existence

Despite the fact that the Creation in Nissan only took place in the realm of thought, it was, nevertheless, a thought that had practical ramifications: it resulted in no less than the literal creation of the universe, the most important aspect of which being mankind. As a consequence of this "mere" thought, the actual observance of Torah and *mitvzos* was the result....

Practice what you plan

We should apply this concept to our Divine service: It is not enough merely to make resolutions in Nissan; rather, we should immediately begin their actual implementation, as our Sages taught, "The main thing is the *deed*" (*Parshas Shemini*, 25 Adar, 5749, fn. 101; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 511).

- 34. *Ibid.*, p. 445.
- 35. Free access for all
 - ... Many Chassidic discourses from the previous Rebbeim of Chabad that, until recently, had been the exclusive possession of a few individuals, have now been published [for the benefit and accessibility of all] (*ibid.*, p. 444).

CONTEMPLATE AND ACT

• [The profound significance of] the 25th of Adar should motivate every person to improve his or her thoughts and inner selves. Moreover, we should immediately implement these positive resolutions on a practical level: our thoughts should produce action.³³

when man (the ultimate purpose of Creation) was created.] According to Rabbi Yehoshuah, the Sixth Day of Creation, the day that Adam was created, was the 1st of Nissan. Clearly, then, Rabbi Yehoshua is of the opinion that the First Day of Creation must have been the 25th of Adar.

Six in one

[As *Rashi* writes in *Bereishis* (1:14):] "Everything which would ultimately comprise heaven and earth was created on the First Day [in an all-inclusive manner]; later, each individual creation was subsequently established [as a distinct and actual existence] on the day that [G-d] decreed it to be revealed; [e.g., the skies and seas on the Second Day; land and vegetation on the Third Day, etc.]."

So the 25th of Adar is actually the Birthday of all Creation: heaven and earth, as well as all the spiritual counterparts to the heavens and the earth. In other words, the entire *Seder Hishtalshelus* (spiritual and physical cosmos) was first created on the 25th of Adar.

Nissan and Tishrei: Thought and Action

[If this is the case, then why do we celebrate Rosh Hashanah in Tishrei instead of in Nissan?] There is a well-known explanation (based on *Tosefos*, *Rosh Hashanah* 27a, and expounded on in *Shaar HaKavanos* and *Pri Etz Chaim*) that reconciles the two opinions [of Rabbi Yehoshua (that the world was created in Nissan) and Rabbi Eliezer (that the world was created in Tishrei)].

... According to this explanation, in Nissan, it first arose in Divine Thought to create the universe, yet G-d did not actually create it until Tishrei.

Superiority of thought

Accordingly, there is a higher quality to the stage of Creation that occurred in Nissan (or more precisely, on the 25^{th} of Adar) over the final stage which took place in Tishrei (i.e., on the 25^{th} of Elul). This higher quality is the superiority of thought over action.

Month of the Mishkan

... A further quality in the aspect of Creation that occurred in Nissan (and began on the 25th of Adar) was the fact that many years later, the *Mishkan* was first erected in Nissan. [What does this have to do with the Creation of the Universe?] Our Sages state (*Bamidbar Rabbah* 12:11), "From the beginning of Creation until the *Mishkan* was erected [by Moshe in the desert], the universe was unstable. Upon its erection, the universe was [finally] solidified [as an enduring existence]" (25 Adar, 5748; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 460).

33. It's *not* the thought that counts

This is the instruction for every Jew: ... Just as the Divine realm of Thought is

before Pesach, we should increase our study of the laws of Pesach, taking our studies to a far superior level than existed previously.⁵

• We should spend more time studying, increasing the quality of our study as well. Our efforts should reflect the miraculous character of Rosh Chodesh Nissan, [the head of "the Month of Miracles"].⁵

5. When do we begin?

[In tractate *Pesachim* (6a), two opinions are presented as to the set time to begin teaching the Pesach laws in public. According to the first opinion, whose view is accepted as law, we begin thirty days in advance; i.e., from Purim. Rabban Shimon Ben Gamliel differs, saying we begin just two weeks before Pesach, from Rosh Chodesh Nissan.]

Take both

Although the law [follows the first opinion, that] "we study the laws of Pesach thirty days in advance," and [does not follow the opinion of] Rabban Shimon Ben Gamliel; nevertheless, a) our Sages state that regarding all *Talmudic* disputes, "both opinions are the [correct] words of G-d"; and b) in this case, we are able to fulfill both opinions in actuality.

Simply put, we should begin studying the laws of Pesach thirty days in advance, and then, "two weeks before the festival," we should increase our study ...

Moshe began two weeks before Pesach

... Rabban Shimon Ben Gamliel's reasoning is that ... it was on Rosh Chodesh [Nissan] that Moshe *Rabbeinu* taught the Jews about the requirements of the upcoming Pesach sacrifice. This is clear from the fact that the Torah [couples] the chapter dealing with the Pesach sacrifice [with the law of Rosh Chodesh], stating: "This month [of Nissan] should be for you the Head of Months," [i.e., Moshe's address took place on the first day of Nissan. And just as Moshe publicly discussed the Pesach laws two weeks in advance, so should we].

Adding in a "miraculous" manner

[This explains Rabban Shimon Ben Gamliel's reasoning on the literal level. On a deeper level, however, the fact that the chapter discussing the Pesach laws begins with the law of Rosh Chodesh Nissan] is also an allusion to the fact that "this month [of Nissan] should be to you the Head of Months," i.e., we are granted the power for conduct that is above nature [in observing the Torah's laws — "Nissan" meaning "miracles"].

That being the case, we are granted the ability to increase in our study of the laws of Pesach (that we began studying immediately after Purim) from Rosh Chodesh Nissan ... and indeed, to do so on an even higher level than our previous two weeks of study. From then on, we should study in a manner reflecting the supernatural character of Rosh Chodesh Nissan (*Parshas Vayikra*, 5751; *Hisvaaduyos*, pp. 414-415).

STUDY THE LAWS OF KORBAN PESACH

- [We are commanded to bring a lamb or kid-goat to the *Beis HaMikdash* on *erev* Pesach as a Pesach sacrifice; an activity that entails advance preparation. In anticipation of the Third *Beis HaMikdash*,] we should begin our preparations for the Pesach sacrifice by studying its laws.
- For a start, we should study the *Seder Korban Pesach* (Order of Offering the Pesach Sacrifice) that is printed in [*Tehillat HaShem*], the *Siddur* designed to be used by every Jew.⁶

Offering a spiritual Korban Pesach

We also express the theme of the Pesach sacrifice in our spiritual service:

1) In detailing the process of selecting the Pesach sacrifice, the Torah commands: "Draw and take for yourselves [a lamb or kid-goat for the Pesach sacrifice]." On this, our Sages explain, "'Draw' your hands away from idol-worship, 'and take for yourselves' a lamb for a *mitzvah*, [i.e., the worship of G-d].

[In terms of our Divine service,] this means that we should "draw" ourselves away, turn aside, and shake ourselves off from anything that smacks of *avodah zarah* ["a foreign service"] – anything that is "foreign" to [our service of observing] Torah and *mitzvos*; "and take" upon ourselves matters of Torah and *mitzvos* in greater abundance and depth [than observed previously].

2) Similarly, in our Divine service, we should apply the message alluded to in the method of offering the Pesach sacrifice:

[The Torah commands that the Pesach sacrifice be] "roasted over fire, its head with its knees and innards." [In relation to our Divine service, this means] that we should engage all of our various faculties, from our very highest faculty, i.e., our intellect, [represented by the *korban's* "head," down to and including all our lower faculties, represented by the *korban's* "knees and innards"]. We should transform all of these faculties into "a sacrifice for G-d," so they are permeated with the fire of holiness and the "love of G-d that burns as a raging fire within his heart, like leaping flames" that blaze throughout our entire being (Shabbos HaGadol, 5748; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 516).

As explained in *Tosefos*³¹ and elaborated upon in many Chassidic discourses, although we actually celebrate Rosh Hashanah in Tishrei, both opinions are nonetheless correct. Indeed, the Sages were not disagreeing; they were merely referring to two different stages — thought and action — in Creation.

In the realm of Divine Thought, so to speak, Creation occurred in Nissan; in the realm of Divine Action, it took place in Tishrei.

So while the external aspect of the universe — i.e., how it exists in actuality — was created in Tishrei, its "inner" aspect; i.e., its ultimate purpose (as it arose in G-d's Thought), was created in Nissan.

This explains why so much emphasis is placed on the 25th of Elul and the 1st of Tishrei (Rosh Hashanah), yet there are no special customs pertaining to the 25th of Adar and the 1st of Nissan. For, being "the beginning of Your works [of Creation]" in the realm of Divine Thought, the day's influence remains a concealed, inner matter that is not reflected in action or in established customs.

Nevertheless, the Rebbe explains, the 25th of Adar is "a foundational day that pertains to the entire year."³²

Relevant for all Jews

Whatever happens to each particular Jew is also relevant to all Jews, and indeed, the entire world; as our Sages teach (*Sanhedrin* 37a): "Each and every person is obliged to say, 'The world was created for my sake [alone].""

When was the world created?

[In tractate Rosh Hashanah (11a),] Rabbi Yehoshuah states that the world was created in Nissan (the month of miraculous salvation; note that the name "Yehoshuah" means "salvation").

[The *Talmud* is not discussing the First Day of Creation, but rather, the Sixth Day,

^{6.} Parshas Vayakhel-Pekudei, 5748; Hisvaaduyos, pp. 444-448.

^{31.} Rosh Hashanah 27a, Tosefos s.v. Keman Matzlinan. See Likkutei Sichos, vol. 16, p. 483, fn. 20.

 ²⁵ Adar, 5750 (Hisvaaduyos, p. 444) and Parshas Shemini, 5749, fn. 15 (ibid., p. 501).

SUPPLY SHEMURAH MATZAH

• [When an announcement was made regarding the "Mitzvah Tanks" that would be circulating in various locations around New York in honor of *Yud-Alef* (the 11th of) Nissan (the Rebbe's birthday), promoting Judaism in general and Pesach observance in particular, the Rebbe instructed that an additional announcement be made: to specifically distribute *shemurah matzah*.]²⁸

The 25th of Adar

Birthday of Rebbetzin Chaya Mushka

INTRODUCTION

Rebbetzin Chaya Mushka Schneerson, wife of the Rebbe and daughter of the Previous Rebbe, was born on the 25th of Adar, 5661 (1901), in Babinovitch, a city in what is now Belarus, near the town of Lubavitch, Russia.²⁹

The 25th of Adar is a highly significant date:

In the *Talmud*,³⁰ the Sages dispute the month in which the universe was created: Was it Nissan or Tishrei? According to Rabbi Eliezer, Rosh Hashanah (the day of man's creation) was the 1st of Tishrei; according to Rabbi Yehoshua, it was the 1st of Nissan.

But man was created on the *Sixth* Day of Creation. Accordingly, the First Day of Creation was five days earlier, and, depending on which of the above opinions are followed, that would fall on either the 25th of Elul or the 25th of Adar.

Maos Chitim

Pesach Fund

INTRODUCTION

In his *Shulchan Aruch*,⁷ the Alter Rebbe states: "It is a universal Jewish practice for each community to arrange a levy on its people for the sake of providing wheat for Pesach; i.e., to purchase and distribute it among the needy, [thus enabling them to bake matzos for the Seder nights]."

Nowadays, this practice has been expanded, and *Maos Chitim* (lit., "money for wheat") now includes all other Pesach requirements as well. The Rebbe devoted an extraordinary amount of attention to this annual pre-Pesach drive.

PURIM TO PESACH

• We should begin organizing and publicizing *Maos Chitim* well in advance; i.e., immediately following Purim.⁸ Our donations towards [providing] the Pesach requirements should steadily increase, adding more and more the closer we get to Pesach.⁹

ALL PESACH NECESSITIES

• *Maos Chitim* includes supplying *all* Pesach requirements for all seven days of Pesach (within the Land of Israel; and eight days

Couple learning with action

It is a *mitzvah* for each individual to study the laws of the upcoming festival [thirty days in advance], so that he will be fluent in them and know what he must do [to properly observe the festival]. Moreover, "Great is study since it leads to action" ... It is customary to begin donating well ahead of Pesach, beginning [this, too,] thirty days beforehand; i.e., from Purim (*Taanis Esther and Purim*, 5748; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 411).

9. Erev Pesach, 5750; Hisvaaduyos, p. 51.

^{28.} Parshas Tazria, 5749; Hisvaaduyos, p. 419.

^{...} The preparations for Pesach include studying the laws of Pesach, providing *Maos Chitim*, distributing *shemurah matzah*, and so on (*Parshas Shemini*, 5749; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 512).

 [[]For more information on the life of the Rebbetzin, see A Call to Action, the 22nd of Shevat (the date of her yartzeit).]

^{30.} Rosh Hashanah 11a.

Beg. of Hilchos Pesach, Orach Chayim 429:5.

^{8.} Motzo'ei Shushan Purim, 5749; Hisvaaduyos, p. 464.

a CALL to ACTION

in the Diaspora).⁸ It includes the needs for the Seder nights – matzos, four cups of wine, and so on – as well as general *yom tov* requirements, such as [new] festive clothing, meals, and the like.¹⁰

WITH HIDDURIM

• After providing an individual with all his Pesach requirements, we should strive to raise the person to a higher standard of Torah observance. Then, due to his new and enhanced level of observance, we will need to furnish additional Pesach supplies appropriate to his new level.¹¹

TURN RECIPIENTS INTO DONORS

- We should put immense effort into ensuring that every single Jew including even the very "smallest" in either a physical or spiritual sense¹² has all that he or she needs for Pesach.
- We should supply not only all they need for themselves, but enough to allow them, in turn, to announce [at the start of the Seder]: "*Kol Dichfin*... All who are hungry come in and eat! All who are needy come in and make the Pesach [Seder]!"¹³

LIKE YOUR OWN PESACH SUPPLIES

- In keeping with the Torah's commandment to "Love your fellow Jew as yourself," we should make sure that our fellow Jews have all their Pesach needs prepared and set out before them, just as we do.
- Furthermore, we should supply the Pesach requirements for

eliminating poverty from among one's fellow Jews. Indeed, we should even strive to make each individual Jew literally wealthy.²⁵

CLOTHES AND ADORNMENTS FOR WOMEN

• The needs of the festival include making sure that husbands are able to fulfill their obligation to make their wives joyful during the festivals, through purchasing clothes and adornments for them.²⁶

WOMEN'S DONATION - A HIGHER FORM OF TZEDAKAH

• We should emphasis the role of *women* in giving *tzedakah*, for, in fact, the *tzedakah* of a woman can often surpass that of a man.²⁷

25. Attain perfection

Practically speaking, since action is the main thing: Undoubtedly, everyone has already fulfilled his obligation to provide Pesach requirements [for the needy], in addition to his general obligation to give *tzedakah*. Nevertheless, it is quite possible that some still need to complete ("*lehashlim*," as in "*mashlim*," to make up for any lack in) their donations of *Maos Chitim*. Furthermore, everyone is able, and should, perfect ("*lehashlim*," as in "*shleimus*," reach a state of perfection in) their contributions ...

For that reason, we will now make everyone here an agent for *tzedakah* (as is customary), [but this time, the *tzedakah* should specifically be given] to funding *Maos Chitim*, in preparation for our announcement [at the opening of the *Seder*,] "All who are hungry ... needy ... come in and make the *Seder*" (*ibid*.).

26. Parshas Tzav, 5750, fn. 138; Hisvaaduyos, p. 29.

27. He can't eat a coin

As the *Talmud* states, "A woman is commonly found in her home. There, she gives a [ready-to-eat] piece of bread to a pauper [who goes from house to house]. Thus, his benefit [from her *tzedakah*] is immediate." [This is not the case with the monetary *tzedakah* that a man usually donates; he is normally away from home during the day, and when he meets a pauper, he simply gives him a coin – which the hungry pauper must first convert into food in order to benefit from the donation.]

It was for this very reason that women and girls participated in the special gathering ... for *tzedakah*-donors, which was [recently] held [in 770] in order to promote and encourage additional donations and much greater energy in giving *tzedakah* (*Parshas Vayikra*, 5751; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 419).

^{10.} Parshas Tzav, 5751; Hisvaaduyos, p. 443.

^{11.} Parshas Shemini, 5749, fn. 116; Hisvaaduyos, p. 512.

The same applies to the one who brought about this rise in another's spiritual standing: he should first raise his own spiritual standing to an incomparably higher level than the elevation he wishes to cause in the recipient... (*ibid.*, subnote).

^{12. 16} Adar, 5750, during a yechidus, fn. 80; Hisvaaduyos, p. 399.

^{13.} A free invitation

^{...} so that others who are needy can come and have their Pesach meal, the meal of freedom, at *his* table (*ibid.*, p. 399). See also *Parshas Ki Sisa*, 5750; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 417.

CREATE A LAST MINUTE RUSH

• The concept of alacrity is emphasized throughout the themes of Pesach, starting with the rushed baking of *shemurah matzos*. So just before Pesach, we should again increase, and complete, our efforts at providing all the needs of Pesach [for others], and doing so with alacrity.²³

MAKE EVERY JEW WEALTHY

• In the final hours before Pesach,²⁴ we should promote the need to complete supplying [the funds] for *Maos Chitim*. Everyone can, and should, complete and perfect his or her efforts at

through donating in a friendly manner. This, in fact, is the predominant aspect of giving *tzedakah* (*Parshas Ki Sisa*, 5750; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 417).

23. ... so that it should not become *chametz*, Heaven forbid (*Yud-Alef* Nissan, 5748; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 50).

Hurry

We will now conclude [this gathering] by distributing dollars for *tzedakah* to all who are present. Those who [are not here now, but] are listening [via live hookup,] should also give *tzedakah* in their respective locations now – each person making another into his agent [to give *tzedakah* on his own] towards a timely cause: *Maos Chitim*. The sooner this is done – and the quicker – the better! (*Ibid.*, p. 51.)

Like vour own Pesach

We should utilize the remaining time before Pesach to increase in and complete the supplying of *Maos Chitim* and all other Pesach requirements to all who need them; not only providing "whatever he is lacking," but also donating amply, even to the extent of "making him wealthy." We should do this in the same way that we try to insure that our own affairs are arranged in an ample and affluent manner.

"All who are needy" - Who's that?

We should continue this drive until not a single Jew remains in a state of hunger and need.

[Do not be concerned with rendering the opening passage of the *Haggadah* superfluous, for] even in such a situation; [i.e., that there would no longer be any poor Jews], we will nevertheless be able to continue reciting; "All who are hungry come in and eat! All who are needy come in and perform the *Seder!*" Rather [than referring to actual paupers, we will in effect be declaring, "Were it possible for such a prospect [of a Jew who is hungry or needy, then we would certainly invite him now to join us in the Pesach *Seder*]...!" (*Parshas Tzav*, 5750; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 29, with fns. 139 and 140)

24. Grab the last minutes of a mitzvah

... In the final hours before Pesach – while it is still permissible to handle money, and indeed, when it is still a *mitzvah* to handle money for the sake of Torah and *mitzvos*... (*Erev Pesach*, 5750; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 52).

our fellow Jews even before we arrange our own.¹⁴

BEST QUALITY

• We should supply "from the best and sweetest foods on our table, since the Torah commands us to give from the best we have to Hashem." This requirement is reflected in the traditional name for the pre-Pesach drive, *Maos Chitim*, "money for *wheat*": wheat being the choicest of the five species of grain acceptable for baking matzos... ¹⁶

PROACTIVE DONATING

- We should not wait until the official *tzedakah* collector comes to [you], requesting donations to help provide Pesach needs [for others]. Rather, we should be proactively running and seeking any possible way to donate *Maos Chitim*.
- Then, when the *tzedakah* collector comes around, we will give him a donation in addition to those contributions we gave without having to be asked.¹⁷

DO EVEN BETTER THAN THAT

• Even if we have actively concerned ourselves with *Maos Chitim* for some time, we should never consider our obligation complete. Rather, each of us should take time to consider and determine – with an honest self-accounting – whether we have truly given *Maos Chitim* in a manner that befits our particular position. Quite possibly, there may be room (and a need) to add yet further in this regard....¹⁸

^{14.} To the extent that *Maos Chitim*, which includes all Pesach needs, begins thirty days before Pesach (*Erev Pesach*, 5750; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 51).

^{15.} Rambam, end of "Hilchos Isurei Mizbeiach"; Vayikra 3:16.

^{16.} Only the best will do

^{...} although one could technically fulfill his obligation to eat matzah made from any of the five grains (*Parshas Vayakhel-Pekudei*, 5748; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 444).

^{17.} Parshas Ki Sisa, 5750; Hisvaaduyos, p. 417.

^{18.} Parshas Vayikra, 5751; Hisvaaduyos, pp. 414-415.

^{...} Therefore, even after having resolved to give Maos Chitim in the proper

a CALL to ACTION

REVISE YOUR BALANCE REPEATEDLY

- Further, even after having provided *Maos Chitim* in a manner that truly befits our particular position donating a tenth or even a fifth of our earnings¹⁹ we should calculate the additional wealth gained as a result of G-d's blessings in the interim.
- Based on this new calculation, we will realize that our earnings have increased, [and with it, the "tenth" or "fifth" that we had previously calculated]. Naturally, we will then need to provide an additional contribution to *Maos Chitim*.²⁰

BECOME WEALTHY FROM GIVING TZEDAKAH

- According to the principle: "Tithe [your earnings] so that you will become wealthy, [via an increase in G-d's reciprocal blessings,]" we are able, and therefore should, increase our donations towards *Maos Chitim*; doing so even before G-d increases our blessings.
- The more we increase our donations, the greater will be G-d's blessings; even bestowing enormous wealth upon us [in "return" for our substantial donations].

TENTH, FIFTH OR MORE

• From Rosh Chodesh Nissan – two weeks²¹ before Pesach – we

21. From Purim and Rosh Chodesh

[As explained earlier, there are two opinions as to when we are obliged to begin studying the laws of Pesach and teaching them to the public. According to one view, we begin thirty days in advance; according to the second view, we begin from Rosh Chodesh Nissan, just two weeks before Pesach.

The Rebbe explained that although the law follows the first viewpoint, we should nevertheless take the second opinion into account as well and greatly increase the quantity and quality of our study upon reaching Rosh Chodesh.]

Just as there are two opinions expressed concerning [the time to begin] studying the laws of Pesach, [and in practice, we should follow both of them,] so should we apply both views to our providing *Maos Chitim* and all the other requirements for

should step up [our efforts] in supplying *Maos Chitim*. Moreover, in keeping with the ability granted on Rosh Chodesh Nissan for miraculous conduct (i.e., to go beyond our natural or habitual efforts), we should even give more than a tenth of our earnings, or even more than a fifth during this time, giving to an unlimited extent (*bli gevul*).²²

Pesach to the needy. We should a) begin to provide these requirements thirty days in advance; and b) greatly increase our donations and activities two weeks before Pesach (*ibid.*, p. 414).

No needy Jews in Nissan

... In addition to our *Maos Chitim* activities that began thirty days before Pesach, we should make proper preparations in the latter days of Adar, particularly during the week before Rosh Chodesh, so that we will be able to amplify our efforts from Rosh Chodesh Nissan and onward. Ideally, though, by the time Rosh Chodesh Nissan arrives, every Jew should already have everything they need for Pesach (*Parshas Vayakhel-Pekudei*, 5751; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 386).

22. Super-donations

... All of this applies to the days prior to Rosh Chodesh Nissan as well. Certainly, then, it applies following Rosh Chodesh, when the innovation (*chidush*) of miraculous conduct enters our Divine service (*Parshas Vayikra*, 5751; *Hisvaaduyos*, pp. 416-415).

An elevated service

It is now thirty days before Pesach ... we should fulfill our obligation to provide our fellow Jews with their Pesach needs in an "elevated" manner [reflecting the name of this week's *Parshah*, "*Ki Sisa*": "When you count (lit., "elevate") the 'head' of [each of the Children of Israel"] ... in both quantity and quality:

For a start, we should donate in a generous manner (i.e., giving in an "elevated" manner), not only donating a tenth or a fifth [of our earnings], but even more than that.

Aren't we told not to give more than a fifth?!

True, our Sages teach that "one should not give extravagantly; [i.e.,] more than a fifth [of his wealth on *tzedakah*]." Nevertheless, as the Alter Rebbe explains, nowadays "we should greatly increase our giving of *tzedakah*," telling us, "Do not be concerned with [the teaching] 'Do not give [extravagantly; i.e.,] more than a fifth."" [Now, if the restriction no longer applied in the Alter Rebbe's era,] then [we] certainly [should not be concerned with this restriction] in our own generation, many generations after that of the Alter Rebbe.

Give more, gladly

Moreover, [the Previous Rebbe,] the Leader of this Generation and a successor of the Alter Rebbe, bears the name ["Yosef Yitzchak"]: "Yosef," meaning "addition," which includes an addition in *tzedakah*, and "Yitzchak," ["laughter" and "joy"], which indicates the giving of *tzedakah* joyfully, with a glad heart and a friendly attitude.

Thus we should donate in a manner that also elevates the spirits of recipient, i.e.,

measure, we should once again consider to give even more... (*Parshas Ki Sisa*, 5750; *Hisvaaduyos*, p. 421).

^{19.} Giving a fifth is considered "Mitzvah min hamuvchar," the best way of fulfilling the mitzvah (Parshas Vayikra, 5751; Hisvaaduyos, p. 415).

^{20.} Parshas Vayikra, 5751; Hisvaaduyos, p. 415.